

# Package: damr (via r-universe)

September 6, 2024

**Title** Interface to Drosophila Activity Monitor System Result Files

**Date** 2020-09-14

**Version** 0.3.7

**Description** Loads behavioural data from the widely used Drosophila Activity Monitor System (DAMS, TriKinetics <<https://trikinetics.com/>>) into the rethomics framework.

**Depends** R (>= 3.00), behavr, data.table

**Imports** readr

**Suggests** testthat, covr, knitr, ggetho, zeitgebr

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**URL** <https://github.com/rethomics/damr>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/rethomics/damr/issues>

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

**Repository** <https://rethomics.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/rethomics/damr>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

**RemoteSha** d260c696957883ce5528d287b8ec3b70bc1a917e

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damr\_example            *Get path to damr example*

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### Description

damr comes with a sample DAM2 files in its inst/extdata directory. damr\_example allow make them easy to access.

### Usage

```
damr_example(path = NULL)
```

```
damr_example_dir()
```

### Arguments

path                    Name of file. If NULL, the example files will be listed.

### Author(s)

Hadley Wickham (modified from readr)

### Examples

```
# list all files
damr_example()
# get path to one file
damr_example("M014.txt")
# get the directory wih all the files
damr_example_dir()
```

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link\_dam\_metadata        *Link DAM2 or DAM5 metadata to result files*

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### Description

This function checks and add columns to DAMS metadata. This way, it can subsequently be loaded (via [load\\_dam](#)).

### Usage

```
link_dam_metadata(x, result_dir)
```

### Arguments

x                        object such as a [data.frame](#), or the name of a file (see detail)

result\_dir               the root directory where all daily data are saved

## Details

These function will augment metadata from two different types of inputs:

1. A [data.frame](#) (recommended) In this case, the function will try to match requested data with data available on `result_dir`. The provided [data.frame](#) or [data.table](#) has typically one row per requested individual and the columns (not necessarily in this order):
  - `file` – the name of a data file (e.g. "Monitor3.txt"), it has to exists in `result_dir`.
  - `start_datetime` – the first day **and time** of the requested experiment (e.g. "2014-12-28 18:00:00").
  - `stop_datetime` – the last day and time of the requested experiment (e.g. "2014-12-30 19:00:00" or simply "2014-12-30").
  - `region_id` – the channel (between 1 and 32) in which the animal was in (e.g. 20). `region_id` is optional. If not provided, all 32 channels are loaded *with the same conditions*.
  - `???` *any number of arbitrary columns* to associate conditions/treatments/genotypes/... to the previous columns.
2. The name of a CSV file that contains a table as described in 1.

The time in data is expressed relatively to `start_date`. In other words, if you do circadian analysis, and your D → L transitions are at 09:00:00, you want to set `start_datetime = "YYY-MM-DD 09:00:00"`. The `result_directory`` is the folder containing all result (.txt) files (for instance, `result_dir = "C:/where/I/Store/my/txt/files/"`)

## Value

a [data.table::data.table](#) with the same rows as `x`, and extra columns used for further data loading

## References

- [the rethomics workflow](#) – on the concept of "linking"
- [metadata tutorial](#) – how to work with metadata

## See Also

- [load\\_dam](#) – to subsequently load the actual data

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load\_dam

*Load DAMS data from one or several continuous text files*

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## Description

Uses "linked metadata" to load data from either single beam (DAM2) or multibeam (DAM5) arrays.

## Usage

```
load_dam(metadata, date_format = "%d %b %y", FUN = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

metadata	<a href="#">data.table::data.table</a> used to load data (see detail)
date_format	How dates are formatted in the DAM result files (see <a href="#">read_dam_file</a> )
FUN	function (optional) to transform the data from each animal immediately after is has been loaded.
...	extra arguments to be passed to FUN

**Details**

The linked metadata should be generated using [link\\_dam\\_metadata](#).

**Value**

A `behavr::behavr` table. In addition to the metadata, it contains the data, with the columns:

- `id` – autogenerated unique identifier, one per animal
- `t` – time
- `activity` – number of beam crosses

**References**

- [damr tutorial](#) – how to use this function in practice

**See Also**

- `behavr::behavr` – the class of the resulting object
- [read\\_dam\\_file](#) – to load data from a single file (without metadata)

**Examples**

```
# This is where our toy data lives
root_dir <- damr_example_dir()

# Metadata already made for us.
# It defines condition and genotype of each animal
data(single_file_metadata)
print(single_file_metadata)
# Linking:
metadata <- link_dam_metadata(single_file_metadata, root_dir)

# We find and load the matching data
dt <- load_dam(metadata)
print(dt)
# An example of the use of FUN,
# we load only the first few reads by run `head()` on each animal,
# on the fly (no pun intended)
dt <- load_dam(metadata, FUN = head)
print(dt)
```

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read_dam_file	<i>Reads data from a single DAM2 single beam or a DAM5 multibeam file</i>
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### Description

This function retrieves activity data in a DAMS text file. It allows selection of a date range and channels (i.e. regions).

### Usage

```
read_dam_file(
  path,
  region_id = 1:32,
  start_datetime = -Inf,
  stop_datetime = +Inf,
  tz = "UTC",
  date_format = "%d %b %y"
)
```

### Arguments

path	location of the file to read (character)
region_id	vector of unique regions to read
start_datetime, stop_datetime	the start and the end of an the experiment (see details)
tz	the timezone (see <a href="#">OlsonNames</a> for a list)
date_format	the format of the dates in the DAM file (see details)

### Details

start\_datetime and stop\_datetime are formatted as "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS". start\_datetime is used as the reference time (ZT0). Therefore, if you are interested in circadian analysis and D → L transitions are at 10:00:00, you probably want to set start\_datetime = "YYYY-MM-DD 10:00:00".

According to the acquisition system, the date format can be inconsistently formatted between DAM Systems. Specify the format using [strptime](#) syntax. For instance:

- "%d %b %y" – the default, to parse "15 Nov 2019"
- "%d-%m-%y" – to parse "15-11-2019"
- "%Y-%m-%d" – the default to parse "2019-11-15"

### Value

A [behav](#) table. The metadata contains an autogenerated id per animal. The data has the columns:

- id – autogenerated unique identifier, one per animal
- t – time
- activity – number of beam crosses

**See Also**

- [load\\_dam](#) – to load data from many files and biological conditions using metadata (the recommended alternative)

**Examples**

```
path <- damr_example("M064.txt")
dt <- read_dam_file(path, region_id = c(1:3), start_datetime = "2017-06-30 15:00:00")
print(dt)
```

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`single_file_metadata` *A simple toy metadata defining the experimental conditions of 32 animals monitored at the same time in a single DAM2 monitor. Each animal has its own channel (`region_id`), as well as a condition and genotype. It serves as an example for [link\\_dam\\_metadata](#).*

---

**Description**

A simple toy metadata defining the experimental conditions of 32 animals monitored at the same time in a single DAM2 monitor. Each animal has its own channel (`region_id`), as well as a condition and genotype. It serves as an example for [link\\_dam\\_metadata](#).

**Usage**

```
single_file_metadata
```

**Format**

An object of class `data.frame` with 32 rows and 6 columns.

**Author(s)**

Quentin Geissmann

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`two_files_metadata` *A toy metadata defining the experimental conditions of 64 animals monitored at the same time in two separate DAM2 monitors. Each animal has its own channel (`region_id`), as well as a condition and genotype. It serves as an example for [link\\_dam\\_metadata](#).*

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**Description**

A toy metadata defining the experimental conditions of 64 animals monitored at the same time in two separate DAM2 monitors. Each animal has its own channel (`region_id`), as well as a condition and genotype. It serves as an example for [link\\_dam\\_metadata](#).

*two\_files\_metadata*

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**Usage**

`two_files_metadata`

**Format**

An object of class `data.frame` with 64 rows and 6 columns.

**Author(s)**

Quentin Geissmann

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